

Dinamika konstrukcija i potresno inženjerstvo

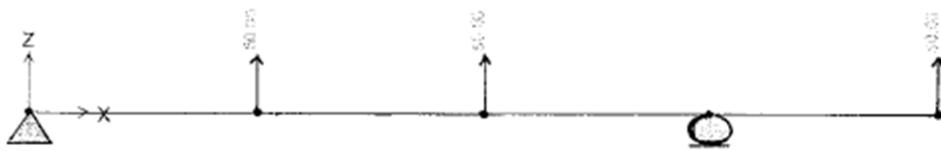
Vježbe br.8

21.05.12.

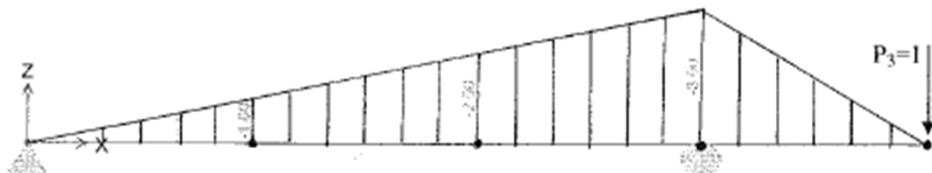
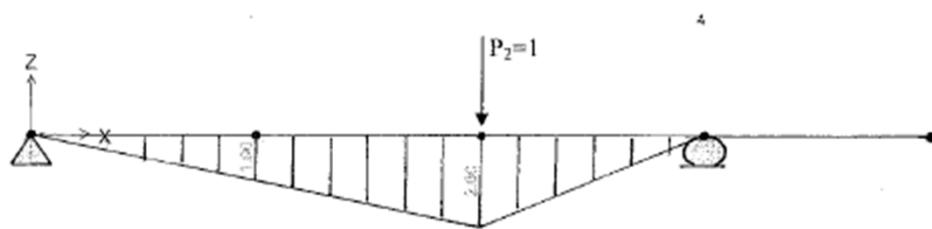
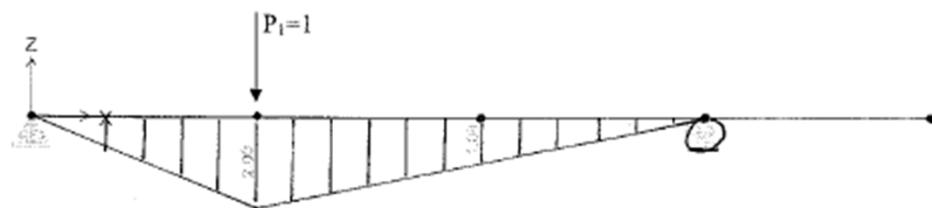
Zadatak br.1

Za sustav prikazan na slici odrediti vlastite vrijednosti.

Poznato je: $E=31,5 \text{ GPa}$; $b/d=0,3/0,9 \text{ m}$; $m=50 \text{ t}$; $L=4 \times 3,0 \text{ m}$.



$$\begin{aligned} E &= 31,50 \text{ GPa} = \\ &= 31,5 \cdot 10^6 \text{ kN/m}^2 \\ I &= 0,3 \cdot 0,9^3 / 12 = \\ &= 1,8225 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}^4 \end{aligned}$$



Matrica fleksibilnosti:

$$[D] = \frac{1}{EI} \begin{bmatrix} 12,0 & 10,5 & -12,5 \\ 10,5 & 12,0 & -15,0 \\ -12,0 & -15,0 & 36,0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrica masa:

$$[M] = m \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Uumnožak matrica [D] i [M] = **dinamička matrica** $[D_M]$:

$$[D_M] = [D][M] = \frac{m}{EI} \begin{bmatrix} 12,0 & 10,5 & -12,5 \\ 10,5 & 12,0 & -15,0 \\ -12,0 & -15,0 & 36,0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Vektorska iteracija

U vektorskoj iteraciji se koristi postupak:

$$[D_M]\{\emptyset\} = \frac{1}{\omega^2}\{\emptyset\}$$

Prvi (osnovni) oblik (ton, mod)

Pretpostavlja se oblik osciliranja prvog tona.

$$\phi_1^* = \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,2 \\ -2,0 \end{bmatrix}; p^* = \frac{m}{EI}$$

U narednim koracima i tablici prikazan je iterativni postupak gdje je amplituda Φ_1 uvek reducirana na jedinicu.

1.Korak:

$$D_M \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,2 \\ -2,0 \end{bmatrix} = p^* \begin{bmatrix} 48,6 \\ 54,9 \\ -102,0 \end{bmatrix} = 48,6 p^* \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,1296 \\ -2,0988 \end{bmatrix}$$

2.Korak:

$$D_M \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,1296 \\ -2,0988 \end{bmatrix} = p^* \begin{bmatrix} 49,0464 \\ 55,5372 \\ -104,5008 \end{bmatrix} = 49,0464 p^* \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,1323 \\ -2,1307 \end{bmatrix}$$

3.Korak:

$$D_M \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,1323 \\ -2,1307 \end{bmatrix} = p^* \begin{bmatrix} 49,4575 \\ 56,0481 \\ -105,6897 \end{bmatrix} = 49,4575 p^* \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,1333 \\ -2,1370 \end{bmatrix}$$

4.Korak:

$$D_M \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,1333 \\ -2,1370 \end{bmatrix} = p^* \begin{bmatrix} 49,5437 \\ 56,1546 \\ -105,9315 \end{bmatrix} = 49,5437 p^* \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,1334 \\ -2,1381 \end{bmatrix}$$

5.Korak:

$$D_M \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,1334 \\ -2,1381 \end{bmatrix} = p^* \begin{bmatrix} 49,5579 \\ 56,1723 \\ -105,9726 \end{bmatrix} = 49,5579 p^* \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,1335 \\ -2,1384 \end{bmatrix}$$

6.Korak:

$$D_M \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,1335 \\ -2,1384 \end{bmatrix} = p^* \begin{bmatrix} 49,5626 \\ 56,1780 \\ -105,9849 \end{bmatrix} = 49,5626 p^* \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,1335 \\ -2,1384 \end{bmatrix}$$

Rezultati iteracija
dani su u tablici:

ITERACIJA	$\lambda_{(1)}$	Φ_{11}	Φ_{21}	Φ_{31}
1	$48,6p^*$	1,0	1,1296	-2,0988
2	$49,0464p^*$	1,0	1,1323	-2,1307
3	$49,4575p^*$	1,0	1,1333	-2,1370
4	$49,5437p^*$	1,0	1,1334	-2,1381
5	$49,5579p^*$	1,0	1,1335	-2,1384
6	$49,5626p^*$	1,0	1,1335	-2,1384

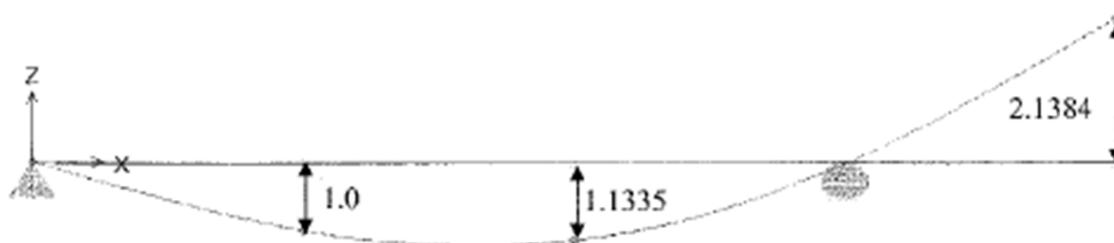
Rješenje je stabilizirano, pa je prema tome:

$$\lambda_1 = 49,5626 \frac{m}{EI} = \frac{1}{\omega_1^2} \rightarrow \omega_1 = \sqrt{\frac{EI}{49,5626m}} = 15,2204 rad/s$$

$$T_1 = 0,4128s$$

Prvi ton je (normaliziran):

$$\{\Phi_1\} = \begin{pmatrix} 1,0 \\ 1,1335 \\ -2,1384 \end{pmatrix}$$



Drugi vlastiti oblik

Pretpostaviti oblik osciliranja u drugom tonu: $\phi_2^* = \begin{bmatrix} 1,0 \\ 0,8 \\ 1,5 \end{bmatrix}$

Na probni stupac $\{\Phi\}$ primjenjujemo sljedeći uvjet ortogonalnosti:

$$\{\Phi_1\}^T [M] \{\Phi_2\} = \{\Phi_{1,1} \quad \Phi_{2,1} \quad \Phi_{3,1}\} \begin{bmatrix} m_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & m_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & m_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \phi_{1,2} \\ \phi_{2,2} \\ \phi_{3,2} \end{Bmatrix} = 0$$

Ili u razvijenom obliku (vežemo probnu vrijednost Φ_1 , dok su Φ_2 i Φ_3 proizvoljni):

$$\Phi_1^T M \Phi_2 = \Phi_{1,1} m_1 \Phi_{1,2} + \Phi_{2,1} m_2 \Phi_{2,2} + \Phi_{3,1} m_3 \Phi_{3,2} = 0$$

$$1.0 \Phi_{1,2} + 1.1335 \Phi_{2,2} - 2.1384 \Phi_{3,2} = 0$$

$$\Phi_{1,2} = 0.0 \Phi_{1,2} - 1.1335 \Phi_{2,2} + 2.1384 \Phi_{3,2}$$

$$\Phi_{2,2} = 0.0 \Phi_{1,2} + 1.0 \Phi_{2,2} + 0.0 \Phi_{3,2}$$

$$\Phi_{3,2} = 0.0 \Phi_{1,2} + 0.0 \Phi_{2,2} + 1.0 \Phi_{3,2}$$

U matričnom obliku:

$$S_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1,1335 & 2,1384 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Prethodna kvadratna matrica se zove matrica čišćenja ili eliminacije [S], koja nakon množenja s dinamičkom matricom $[D_M]$ daje matricu $[D]_1$, koja se zatim koristi u iterativnom postupku za drugi vlastiti oblik.

$$D_{M1} = D_M S_1 = \frac{m}{EI} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1,1335 & 2,1384 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Grubo procijeniti oblik drugog tona.

Iterativni postupak je sada isti kao i kod prvog tona, s tim što sada koristimo vezanu dinamičku matricu:

$$[D]_{M1} = [D_M][S_1]$$

1.Korak iterativni

$$D_{M1} \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.8 \\ 1.5 \end{bmatrix} = p \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 18.0096 \\ 11.2584 \\ 14.3904 \end{bmatrix} = 18.0096 p \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6251 \\ 0.7990 \end{bmatrix}$$

2.Korak

$$D_{M1} \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6251 \\ 0.7990 \end{bmatrix} = p \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 8.9759 \\ 6.0165 \\ 7.3871 \end{bmatrix} = 8.9759 p \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6703 \\ 0.8230 \end{bmatrix}$$

3,4,5,i 6.ti korak iteracije

$$D_{M1} \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6703 \\ 0.8230 \end{bmatrix} = p \begin{bmatrix} 9.1636 \\ 6.1998 \\ 7.5721 \end{bmatrix} = 9.1636p \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6766 \\ 0.8263 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D_{M1} \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6766 \\ 0.8263 \end{bmatrix} = p \begin{bmatrix} 9.1891 \\ 6.2251 \\ 7.5974 \end{bmatrix} = 9.1891p \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6774 \\ 0.8268 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D_{M1} \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6774 \\ 0.8268 \end{bmatrix} = p \begin{bmatrix} 9.1935 \\ 6.2289 \\ 7.6014 \end{bmatrix} = 9.1935p \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6775 \\ 0.8268 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D_{M1} \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6775 \\ 0.8268 \end{bmatrix} = p \begin{bmatrix} 9.1931 \\ 6.2289 \\ 7.6013 \end{bmatrix} = 9.1931p \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6776 \\ 0.8268 \end{bmatrix}$$

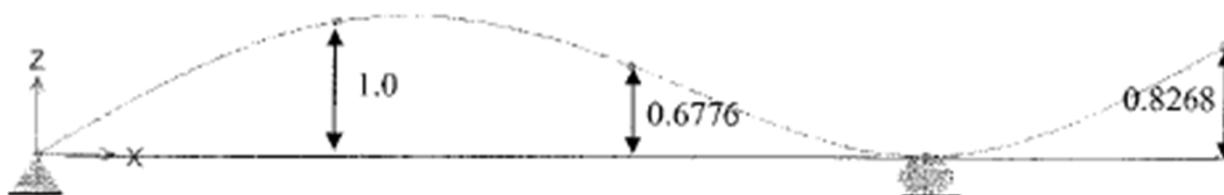
7. i 8. korak iteracije

$$D_{uu} \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6776 \\ 0.8268 \end{bmatrix} = p \begin{bmatrix} 9.1928 \\ 6.2289 \\ 7.6012 \end{bmatrix} = 9.1928 p \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6776 \\ 0.8269 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D_{uu} \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6776 \\ 0.8269 \end{bmatrix} = p \begin{bmatrix} 9.1942 \\ 6.2296 \\ 7.6022 \end{bmatrix} = 9.1942 p \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6776 \\ 0.8268 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$9.1942 \frac{m}{EI} = \frac{1}{\omega_2^2} \Rightarrow \omega_2 = \sqrt{\frac{EI}{9.1942m}} = 35.3411 rad/s$$

$$T_i = 0.1778s \quad \Phi_i = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.6776 \\ 0.8268 \end{bmatrix}$$



Tablični prikaz iteracija:

ITERACIJA	$\lambda_{(2)}$	Φ_{12}	Φ_{22}	Φ_{32}
1	18,0096p*	1,0	0,6251	0,7990
2	8,9759p*	1,0	0,6703	0,8230
3	9,1636p*	1,0	0,6766	0,8263
4	9,1891p*	1,0	0,6774	0,8268
5	9,1935p*	1,0	0,6775	0,8268
6	9,1931p*	1,0	0,6776	0,8268
7	9,1928p*	1,0	0,6776	0,8269
8	9,1942p*	1,0	0,6776	0,8268

Treći vlastiti oblik (ton)

Za određivanje trećeg tona koriste se 2 uvjeta ortogonalnosti:

$$\Phi_1^T M \Phi_3 = 0 \Rightarrow [\Phi_{1,1} \ \Phi_{2,1} \ \Phi_{3,1}] \begin{bmatrix} m_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & m_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & m_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \Phi_{1,3} \\ \Phi_{2,3} \\ \Phi_{3,3} \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\Phi_2^T M \Phi_3 = 0 \Rightarrow [\Phi_{1,2} \ \Phi_{2,2} \ \Phi_{3,2}] \begin{bmatrix} m_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & m_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & m_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \Phi_{1,3} \\ \Phi_{2,3} \\ \Phi_{3,3} \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$1.0m\Phi_{1,3} + 1.1335m\Phi_{2,3} - 2.1384m\Phi_{3,3} = 0 \Rightarrow \Phi_{1,3} = -1.1335\Phi_{2,3} + 2.1384\Phi_{3,3}$$

$$1.0m\Phi_{1,3} + 0.6776m\Phi_{2,3} + 0.8268m\Phi_{3,3} = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow -1.1335\Phi_{2,3} + 2.1384\Phi_{3,3} + 0.6776\Phi_{2,3} + 0.8268\Phi_{3,3} = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow -0.4559\Phi_{2,3} + 2.9652\Phi_{3,3} = 0 \Rightarrow \quad \Phi_{2,3} = 0.0\Phi_{1,3} + 0.0\Phi_{2,3} + 6.5041\Phi_{3,3}$$

$$\Phi_{1,3} = 0.0\Phi_{1,3} + 0.0\Phi_{2,3} - 5.2340\Phi_{3,3}$$

$$\Phi_{3,3} = 0.0\Phi_{1,3} + 0.0\Phi_{2,3} + \Phi_{3,3}$$

Matrica čišćenja ili eliminacije je:

$$[S]_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -5,2340 \\ 0 & 0 & 6,5041 \\ 0 & 0 & 1,00 \end{bmatrix}$$

Modificirana dinamička matrica za dalje iteracije je :

$$[D]_{M2} = [D_M][S]_2 = \frac{m}{EI} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -6,5149 \\ 0 & 0 & 8,0922 \\ 0 & 0 & 1,2464 \end{bmatrix}$$

Iteracija:

1.Korak

$$D_{M2} \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix} = p \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -6.5149 \\ 8.0922 \\ 1.2464 \end{bmatrix} = 6.5149 p \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -1.0 \\ 1.2421 \\ 0.1913 \end{bmatrix}$$

2.korak

$$D_{M2} \begin{bmatrix} -1.0 \\ 1.2421 \\ 0.1913 \end{bmatrix} = p \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -1.2463 \\ 1.5480 \\ 0.2385 \end{bmatrix} = 1.2463 p \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -1.0 \\ 1.2421 \\ 0.1913 \end{bmatrix}$$

3.korak

$$D_{\mu^2} \begin{bmatrix} -1.0 \\ 1.2421 \\ 0.1913 \end{bmatrix} = p \begin{bmatrix} -1.2463 \\ 1.5480 \\ 0.2385 \end{bmatrix} = 1.2463p \begin{bmatrix} -1.0 \\ 1.2421 \\ 0.1913 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1.2463 \frac{m}{EI} = \frac{1}{\omega_z^2} \Rightarrow \omega_z = \sqrt{\frac{EI}{1.2463m}} = 95.9827 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$T_1 = 0.0655s \quad \Phi_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 \\ -1.2421 \\ -0.1913 \end{bmatrix}$$

